



Get Enspired!

Vienna, 2024

An overview on the Dutch storage landscape

Agenda

- Introduction S4 Energy
- Dutch storage landscape
- Threshold: Transport tariffs
- Changes in grid code

S4 Energy

- Around since 2010
- Technology → project development
- Build-own-operate
- Castleton Commodities International



- 1st storage site active in 2017
- 25MW in operation
- 40MW under construction
- >1GW in development

Projects and Pipeline

In operation or under construction:

- Almelo (40MWh)
- Heerhugowaard (40MWh)
- Eemshaven (30MWh)
- Rotterdam (40MWh)
- Rilland (40MWh)



Development pipeline:

- Groningen (1400MWh)
- Overijssel (400MWh)
- Utrecht (800MWh)
- South Holland (400MWh)
- Limburg (840MWh)
- Germany (650MWh)

S4 Energy History

2010

S4 Energy established
S4 Energy is established as an independent company.

2014

First KINEXT flywheel installed
Full scale prototype is installed at the premises of DNV.

2015

Launch of energy management software
Interactions between systems and services can now be managed.

2017

TenneT (Dutch TSO) Certification
Approval for the system to be installed in Dutch national grid.

2018

First energy installation operational
Hybrid KINEXT and battery system of 9 MW / 7.2 MWh in Almelo.

2021

Second energy installation operational
Heerhugowaard facility with 13 MW / 9 MWh hybrid energy storage system.

2023

CCI invests in S4 Energy
Castleton Commodities International LLC becomes major shareholder of S4 Energy.

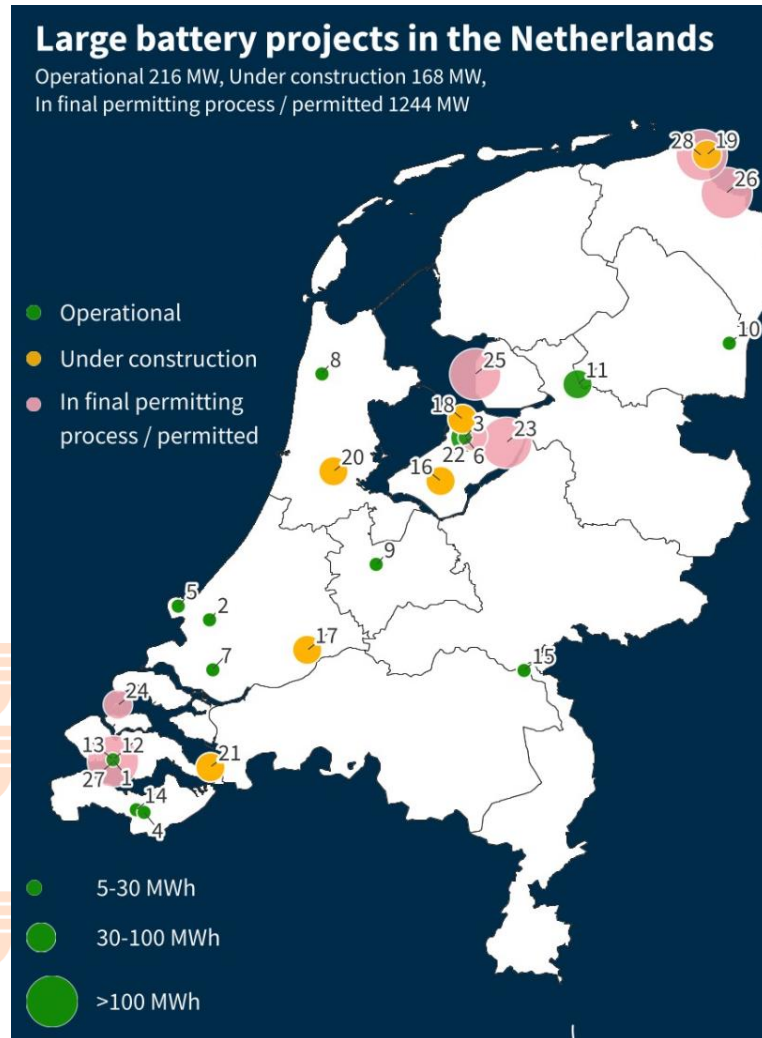
2023

Harbor crane electrified
Peak power delivered to the crane; no larger grid connection needed.

2024

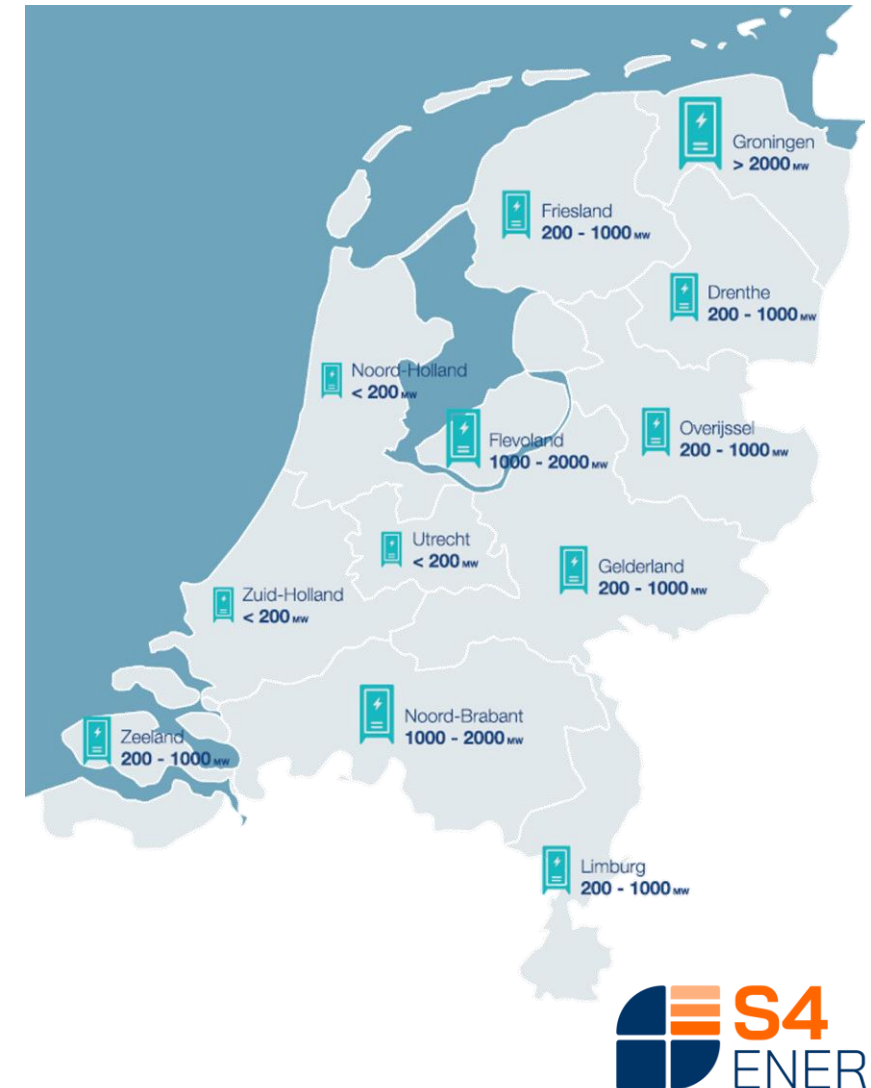
Start construction two new installations
An installation in Zeeland (40MWh) and in Groningen (30MWh) commences. Expected COD Q1'25 and Q2'25

Dutch storage landscape

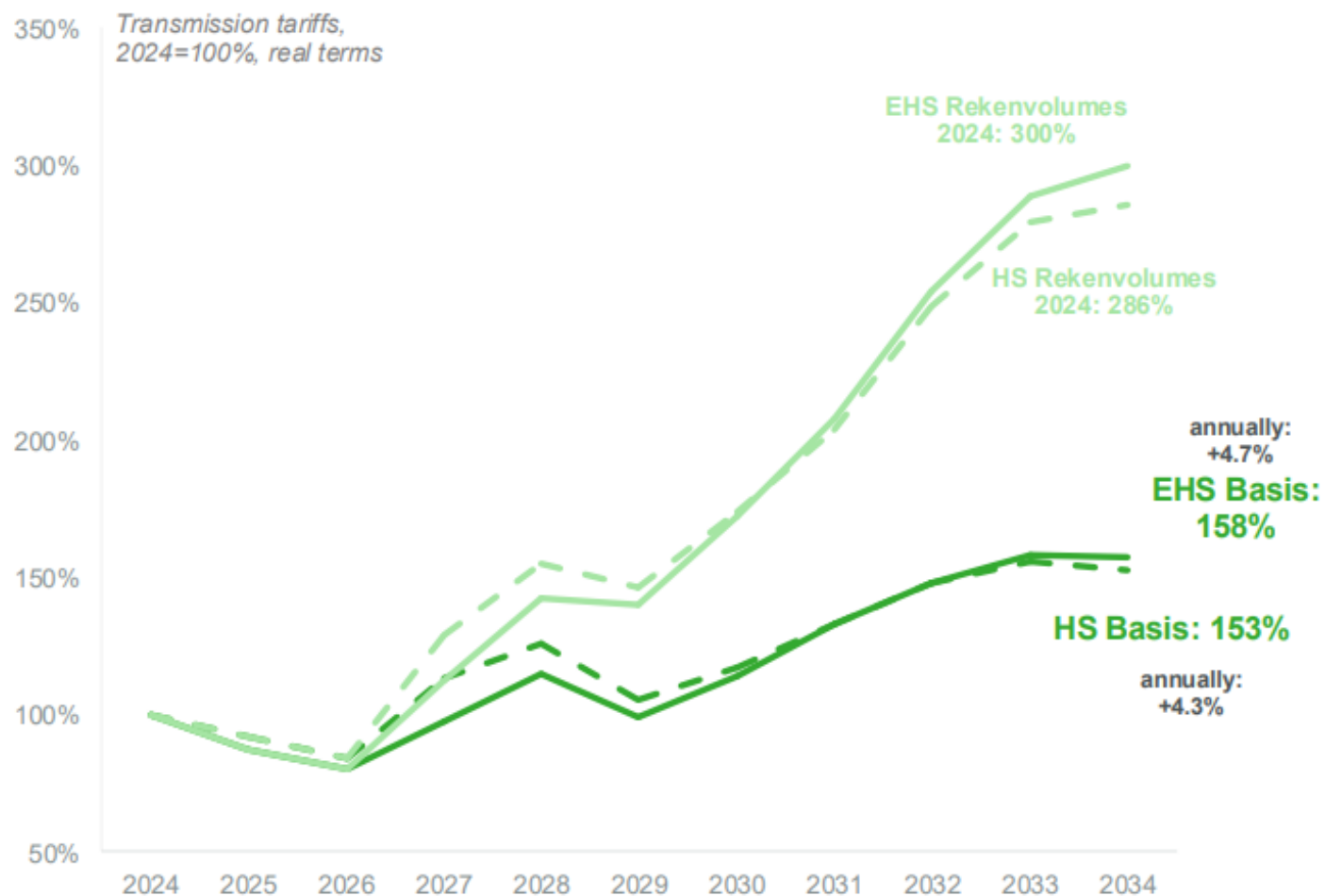


Sources: Ventolines, Tennet

- Tennet need: 10GW
- Grid applications: >70GW
- Currently active: 216MW
- GWs of renewables coming!



Threshold: Grid tariffs

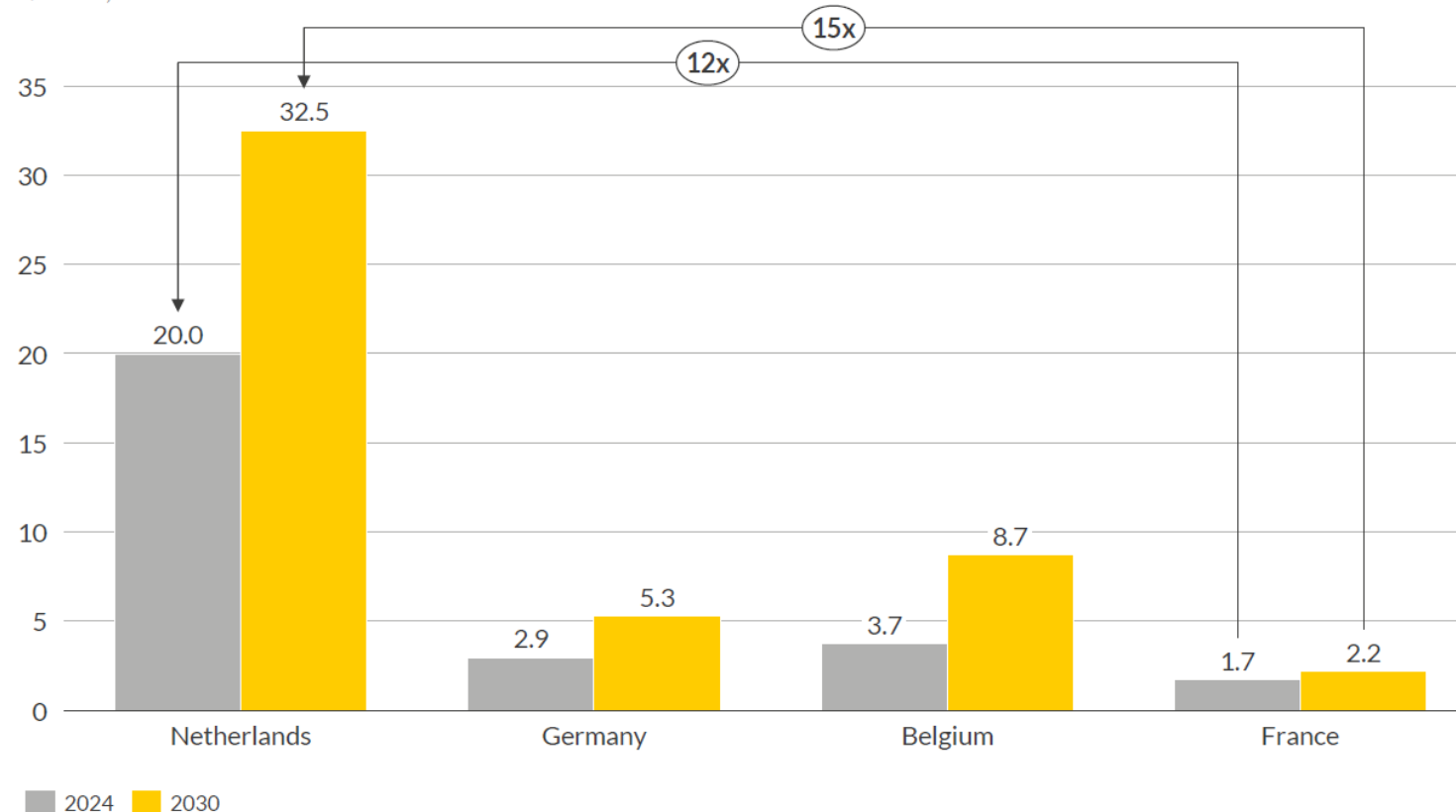


Sources: Tennet

Threshold: Grid tariffs (2)

Grid fees for Dutch baseload offtakers are up to 12x as high as in neighbouring countries, and the difference grows towards 2030

Yearly grid fees for baseload offtakers^{1,2}, excluding taxes
€/MWh, real 2023



Sources: Aurora Research

1) Based on a 100MW asset connected to the high voltage grid with 8000 full load hours; 2) The grid fees include discounts and price caps

Threshold: Grid tariffs (3)

- High increase of grid tariffs in coming years
- No general exemptions for batteries
- Conclusion: NL is **NOT** attractive for battery investments

(or...?)

Changes in gridcode

- Alternative transport rights
 - Time-dependent tariffs
 - TDTR
 - TBTR
- Cable pooling

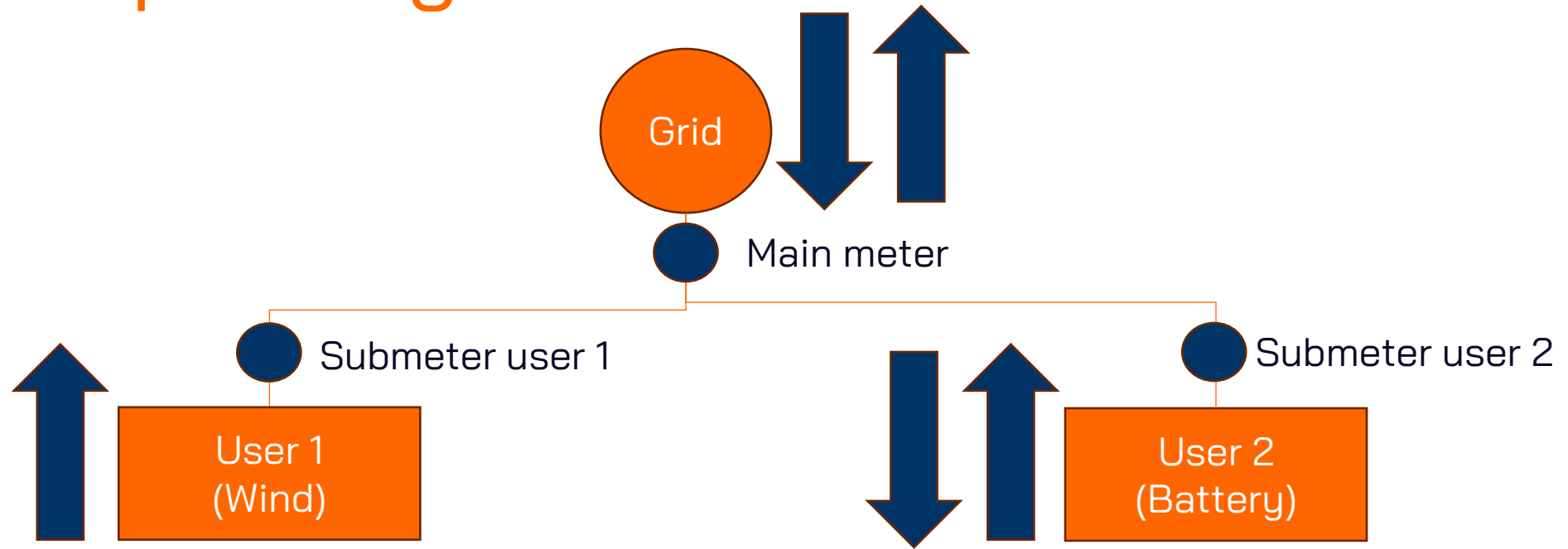


TDTR & time-dependent tariffs

- For (E)HV connections only!
- Tennet may restrict $\leq 15\%$ of the time
- If applied, $\text{kW}_{\text{contract}}$ will be €0.00
- Restrictions announcement: D-1, 8:30h
- $\text{kW}_{\text{max}} \rightarrow \text{kW}_{\text{maxweighted}}$
- Total effect on grid tariff: ~55% discount

	uur 1	uur 2	uur 3	uur 4	uur 5	uur 6	uur 7	uur 8	uur 9	uur 10	uur 11	uur 12	uur 13	uur 14	uur 15	uur 16	uur 17	uur 18	uur 19	uur 20	uur 21	uur 22	uur 23	uur 24
werkdagen	jan	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.8
	feb	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.8
	mrt	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.8
	apr	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
	mei	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
	jun	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
	jul	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
	aug	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
	sep	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
	okt	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.8
	nov	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.8
	dec	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.8
weekend/ feestdagen		0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8

Cable pooling



- Cable pooling easier than private distribution network
- Ability to optimize offtake and feed-in
- Share costs

Summary

- Dutch markets have interesting yields
- Battery deployment not saturated...
- ...but starts to warm up
- Biggest threshold is grid tariffs
- TSO facilitates with TDTR and time dependent tariffs
- DNOs are not moving yet
- Cable pooling could become interesting



Thank you!

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